

Immigration in 1948

IMMIGRATION PROMISES TO BE A MATTER of continuing interest to Canadians this year. Although restrictions were amended and the way was opened for more people from other countries to enter Canada, immigration proved to be on a smaller scale in 1947 than in the preceding year. Figures showed that in the six months ending September 30th, 1947, 32,028 immigrants came to Canada. This was 14,226 less than the number admitted in the corresponding period in 1946. The decrease in numbers was explained largely by the fact that in 1946 troops brought many hundreds of wives and dependents of service men to this country. After that operation was completed the ships were withdrawn, to be converted for use in regular passenger service, thereby creating a temporary but acute shortage of passenger ships.

Lack Of Ships Is Responsible

The lack of passenger ships is believed to be the main reason why more people have not immigrated to this country under the amended regulations which allow unrestricted entry of persons from Commonwealth countries and the United States, and almost the same conditions for the admission of people from European countries who have relatives here willing to provide for them. Trades people and skilled workers with sufficient funds to establish themselves here are likewise permitted to come into the country and in addition, last year provision was made for the entry of 20,000 persons from displaced persons camps in Europe. Wives and unmarried children of Canadian citizens of European origin were also extended permission to come to Canada. All classes of prospective immigrants are, of course, required to possess satisfactory qualifications in regard to health, character and financial status.

More Space To Be Available

It is expected that more passenger ships will be operating this year, thus opening the way for greater numbers of immigrants. The government offered to immigrate, it has recently been announced that the British government has given assurance to Australia that shipping space will be available to transport 70,000 people to that country in 1948, this being the minimum objective of the Australian government for immigration this year. The number of immigrants expected to enter Canada in that period has not been announced but it is expected that there will be considerably more than in 1947. So far, the main effect of the post-war immigration policy appears to have been that too few people were coming into the country at a time when there has been a serious shortage of labor for our farms and industries. It is hoped that there will be more shipping space in the coming months, and the program of Canada's present immigration policy will be watched with interest here and abroad.

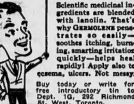
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Dr. Chase's Nerve Food
68 cts. Economy size, \$1.50

NEW P.L.C.S. — Dr. F. Gordon Westgate, who was recently made a Fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons of England, Dr. Westgate is a graduate of the University of Saskatchewan and a graduate in dentistry. He was a house surgeon at the Toronto General Hospital during the year 1945 and has been studying post-graduate surgery at Guy's Hospital, London, England.

79,000,000 Pounds Butter Needed By April

1947 Production Over 1946 But Consumption Has Increased

LONDON, Ont. — J. F. Singleton, associate director of the Federal Milk Producers' Dairy Marketing Board, said here Canada would have to make or import more than 79,000,000 pounds of butter before the end of the year to satisfy the domestic market and provide a "working stock" of 10,000,000 pounds.

Addressing the opening session of the Western Ontario Dairyman's Association, he said increased domestic consumption last year had left butters and cheese supplies short, but export sales of evaporated and condensed milk are available.

Mr. Singleton reported butter production during the first 11 months of 1947 was 38,700,000 pounds higher than in the corresponding period of 1946. However, domestic consumption increased by about 30,000,000 pounds.

Cheese production decreased in 1947, the drop amounting to 27,000,000 pounds, or 18.1 per cent, up to December 1. The domestic supply situation is indefinite until year-end stocks are reported.

In his presidential address, Roy Fraser, of Aurora, Ont., said that while successive prices in dairy products, further increases in dairy prices were likely as a result of the feed grain shortage with consequent cut in herds.

FUNNY And OTHERWISE

"What did you do before you joined the army?" queried the Sarge.

"I worked in De Moines," replied the recruit.

"Cool or hot?" the Sarge asked.

"My mother didn't ever open a can to serve soup," said the fellow young married man.

"Well," replied his bride of seven months, "get me some salt pork, split peas, onions, celery, carrots, turnips and a kettle large enough, and I'll make soup, too."

"Poor old Bill, he's workin' hisself to death."

"Well, it's that short-sighted 'e can't see when the boss ain't lookin'."

Robinson: "The stenographer does all the spade-work in business."

James: "Her employer, mean-while, does a spot of digging on the near-by golf course."

"Are you the oldest in your family?"

"No, both father and mother are older than I am."

Jack, who was spending a holiday with his aunt struggled manfully with the meat on his plate. "Shall I cut your meat for you?" queried aunt. "No, thank you, aunty," replied Jack. "We often have it as tough as this at home."

The Royal Bank Of Canada Annual Meeting

Sydney G. Dobson, President, declares European recovery most important factor in Canada's economic life. "Should American Continent fail to provide what is necessary to save Europe, the effect on our economy would be serious."

James Muir, General Manager, reports marked increase in commercial loans... public deposits again increase... profits improve. Royal Bank depositors now total 1,750,000. Unique service to foreign lenders provided through 71 branches in foreign countries.

The vital importance of European recovery to the welfare of Canada, and the part Canada has in restoring Europe to economic health, were stressed by Sydney G. Dobson, President of The Royal Bank of Canada, at the bank's annual meeting. The American continent is expected to provide what is necessary to save Europe, he said, "the effect of our economy would be serious. I mention this to emphasize the importance of the recovery of Europe to the maintenance of Canada's economic health."

Mr. Dobson pointed out that Canada had already done much to help Europe in the past year. He mentioned that in the past few years Canada had provided over \$1 billion in aid to Europe in the form of loans, credits and gifts.

However, what has been done by Canada alone by no means satisfies the needs of Europe, he said. "The world is not yet out of the economic crisis," he said, "and it is hoped will, in the course of the next few years, be able to restore the European economic health."

The importance of Canada's economic relations with the United States, and the need for a closer relationship between the two countries, was stressed by Mr. Dobson. He pointed out that Canada's foreign trade in 1946 was \$1.5 billion, and that in the first ten months of 1947, it was \$1.4 billion.

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LIFE-SAVES! — A nursing sister from Regina, "Nurse" Elizabeth Sharp, gave birth to a 14-year-old Glinda Roberts aboard an R.C.A. Canada ferry plane taking the child to hospital at Goose Bay from Harrington Harbor.

\$250,000, after deduction of which there remained \$2,549,848 from the year's operations. Dividends required a disbursement of \$2,075,000, leaving a balance of \$474,848, after providing for bill of the foregoing charges. There is a reserve of \$2,000,000 in Profit and Loss Account, leaving a carry-forward of \$3,474,848.

11 BRANCHES ABROAD — The important role played by the branches of The Royal Bank of Canada in foreign countries in providing facilities for foreign traders was stressed by Mr. Muir.

"Over a long period of years our activity in foreign countries has been an outstanding feature of our service to Canadian business. We have engaged in keeping with the progress of the foreign country and the development of Canada's external trade."

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OUR COMPLETE SHORT STORY

LATE TRAIN :

—By—
Matthew P. Christopher

SHARON pulled the collar of her coat tighter around her neck against the chilly night air. A shiver came over her when she was thirty-seven, and the train, with Dick, should have been here at one o'clock. She could return inside to the warmth of the station, she thought, as she had done a dozen times in the last half hour, but she'd only be back out again, thinking she had heard the whistle.

She hardly heard the man approach. "Aren't you cold?" he said. She turned. She saw he was about 60. His eyes were small, keen, his smiling, wrinkled face reddened from the cold.

"No," she answered, looking calmly at him. "Not quite. Guess I'm more frightened than cold."

"Frightened? Why?" She met his eyes evenly. "It's half hour late."

"Hm," he murmured. He turned and gazed up the tracks that vanished into the yawning pit of darkness. "Half hour. Must be some check-ups." He looked back at her. "It's seldom so late, at that, isn't it?"

"Yes," she said. "The last time it was—"

"Ah, but it's no cause for worry. There may be snow on the mountains, preventing the train from traveling very fast."

Sharon followed the old man's glance up the tracks. "I get to thinking," she confessed, "and get awfully frightened. Airplanes, trains, subways—I ... I allegie to them, I guess. Ever since—" She bit her lip.

"Ever since Father got killed," Sharon whispered. "A subway ..."

She paused, felt the quickening of her heart. "It always frightens me now."

The old man stood tall beside her, his nearness comforting. "Sorry," he said. His breath formed a cloud in the air. "I take it you're waiting for your husband?"

She nodded. The old man chuckled. "No wonder you worry. You're young, your husband's young. Wait until you're old, like me. Worry will be a memory, almost forgotten. It will cease to exist for you."

"You'll learn," the old man said. "There's no need for fear. Fear is thought transaction, and what is imparted from the mind can be controlled. I wouldn't worry if I were you. When our number is up, it's up—whether you are walking on a sidewalk, or riding in a train."

"Yes, I suppose you're right," Sharon pulled away the top of her glove, glanced at the face of the wrist watch under the pale light. "It's almost two." She looked wearily down the tracks. "Heavena. Do you think something's happened?"

"It's almost an hour late. 'An hour,' repeated the old man. "Well, yes, it is a long time. But it's cold, and it might've hit a storm, drizzle. Weather is terribly unpredictable in the mountains, you know. But let's ask the man inside, shall we?"

The ticket agent gazed regretfully at them, his magnified eyes shifting from Sharon to Sharon. "I'm sorry," he said. "No word. But the train'll be along soon."

"See?" smiled the man. "Even he says don't worry."

Sharon answered. Her voice was low. "Every second, every minute, I feel more scared. She wondered how he could remain so calm. "Do you look like how I feel?"

His wrinkled face fanned into a grin. "Yes," he said. "But something tells me you don't look pretty crying. And, suppose the train suddenly comes in. What would be if he saw brown tears on your cheeks?"

She laughed, and the sound of her laughter carried across the large room, where an electric clock hung high on the wall.

"Two-forty-four," read the old man. "An hour and six minutes late. He smiled at Sharon. "Let's stay inside. It's too cold out there. Or do you want to go outside?"

She smiled. What a gentle person this stranger was! She would have cried, she knew, if it weren't for him. The telephone whirled. They watched the agent pick up the receiver, heard him answer: "Yeah ... yeah ... okay ... thanks ..."

Then the little man spoke to a baldish man at the other window. The baldish man came out through a door, craned a figure on the blackboard. With a white chalk he wrote: 3:10, and in parenthesis: Indefinite.

"Mister," Sharon said, stepping abruptly toward him, her heart pounding. "What's happened? Why is the train going to be so late?"

"There was a train crash, sorry to say, Miss," the man replied. "Not our train. Another one. It's just delaying ours."

"Thank you," whispered Sharon. "See?" said the old man, chuckling. "What did I say about worry? It's a falsehood! Absolutely a falsehood!"

The train pulled in at 3:04, disgorging, among its few passengers, a tall, anxious-looking young man, and a grey-haired lady. "Dick!" cried Sharon happily, falling into his big, long arms. "Oh, Dick!"

"Baby!" Dick said, and he kissed her, long and tenderly, holding her so that her toes barely touched the ground.

Finally, he released her, and she stood and looked at him breathlessly. "I almost died, darling!"

"Why? Scared I never get here?" He laughed.

She laughed too. "What else? If I weren't for—"

They turned suddenly at a soft sob behind them. "Look!" cried Dick, who came away from Sharon, saw that the woman was bending over the old lady who had been waiting for the train with her. He had fallen to his knees upon the concrete, clutching his heart with one hand, and breathing in painful gasps.

"Thank you, young man," said the

Western Briefs

CALGARY—Jana Ram, native of Norway and farmer of the Edberg district in central Alberta, celebrated his 100th birthday recently. He is the oldest farmer in Alberta and oldest member of the Alberta Wheat Pool.

WINNIPEG—Fred J. White, regional superintendent of the unemployment insurance commission, said that in the district extending from the Thunder Bay region in northwestern Ontario to Dawson Creek, B.C., 23,498 men and women are registered for jobs as against 5,206 available positions.

SASKATOON—The board of directors of the Saskatchewan branch, Canadian Seed Grain Growers' Association, in a resolution, said the light of present knowledge it is considered inadvisable to use 24-D (dammit weed killer) on oil seed stock plots.

KIMBERLEY—Consolidated Mining & Smelting Company at Trail plans to erect 200 new homes for Kimberley for their employees. Mayor Clifford Swan reported at a meeting of the council. The new homes will be located in the Townsite and Happy Valley residential districts.

YELLOWKNIFE, N.W.T.—A two-story 40-bed Red Cross hospital, built at a cost of \$228,000, was officially opened here after almost a year of construction.

EDMONTON—The Alberta agriculture-general's department is preparing legislation providing for a speed limit of 50 miles per hour on provincial highways.

Conservation of Wild Life Needed In B.C.

VANCOUVER.—In addressing sportsmen, the annual Princeton and District Fish and Game Banquet, Commissioner James Cunningham said "Don't worry about moose, there's lots of them. We are anxious to conserve other wild game."

The commissioner added further that real progress is being made in wild life conservation in the province.

President G. M. Harman urged intelligent appreciation of the wild life need in conservation. During 1947 the Princeton Club built a rearing pond, constructed a dam at Lost Lake, built bridges at a number of lakes and did considerable work cleaning up lake shores.

BUMPER CROP IN ARGENTINE

Buenos Aires. (The exportable surplus of the 1947-48 Argentine wheat crop, now being harvested, is likely to be near 4,000,000 tons than the 1,000,000 to 2,000,000 tons estimated earlier, said a survey of experts published in the newspaper La Prensa.

LAST DESCENDANT OF LINCOLN'S NAME DIES

WASHINGTON.—Mrs. Jessie Lincoln Randolph, granddaughter of Abraham Lincoln, died in hospital. She was about 75. Members of the family said Mrs. Randolph was the late President's last surviving descendant born to the name Lincoln. She was a daughter of Robert Todd Lincoln.

lady, as Dick helped the man to his feet. "My husband's had another one of his attacks. He must have been tired from waiting at the station."

They were both terribly worried about something. "He'll be all right. It's all right. He's all right. Thank you so much, young man."

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Canada is the world's largest producer of tobacco.

THE TILLERS

GILLY HANK THAT'S AN AWFUL LOT OF POTATOES. YOU'RE SUPPOSE TO FEED THEM TO THE PIGS.

WELL, IT TAKES A FARMER WIFE A LITTLE LONGER TO DO A MAN'S SHARE.

YES, I'VE GOT AN EASY LOT, BUT DON'T MIND!

YOU'VE BEEN WORKING HARD FOR US MEN ALL THESE YEARS, AND NOW YOU'RE GOING TO DO SOMETHING FOR US!

WHY, HOW WONDERFUL! BUT...

FORGIVE ME, JIMMY, AND MR. L. I'LL KNOCK OFF MY FOOTBALL GAME AND EAT IN TOWN!

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SNOW VEHICLES are always popular in Canada. At left is an which uses horses as its motive power, and was produced by the father of Verma Driedger, Waldheim, Sask. It is really a covered sleigh with sides of great snowboard and top of leatherette, and has springs for easy riding. At right is a snowmobile made from an car and using airplane tires. It can also be used for some tractor jobs. It was built by Fred Sedo, Dugald, Man.



SAYS GRAVES WELL TENDED

OTTAWA.—The graves of Canadians who died defending Hong Kong in December, 1941, are "tended with loving care," guarded by the eternal mountains and the sea.

Prime Minister Mackenzie King announced he had received the following message from Malcolim MacDonald, Governor-General of Malaya, and former United Kingdom high commissioner to Canada:

"Please tell our Canadian friends that today I visited the war graves cemetery where the Canadian defenders of Hong Kong lie buried. It is tended with loving care amidst scenery as magnificent and beautiful as any in the world. A spirit of peace broods over the hillside where these heroes lie asleep."

SHOVEL GR ELSE

RUGBY, N.D.—Residents of Rugby are keeping their sidewalks free of snow this winter. Postmaster N. O. Knutson announced that mail delivery would be suspended to those whose walks are not shoveled.

SUGAR PRICE WILL NOT RISE IN CANADA

MONTREAL.—The increase of \$12 a ton granted by the British food ministry to sugar producers in the British Dominions and Colonies will make no difference in the retail price of sugar in Canada, an official of the sugar administrator's office said.

PRESIDENT PERON TO SEND FRANCO FIVE HORSES

BUENOS AIRES—President Peron will present five horses, including one of his personal mounts, and three purebred cows to Generalissimo Franco. An announcement said this was "new testimony of the friendship" between Argentina and Spain.

SITE FOR PAPER MILL

EDMONTON.—Representatives of Eastern Canadian interests now are investigating the selection of a site for a new mill of 50 miles per hour paper mill which ultimately will cost an estimated \$14,000,000, it was disclosed.

INSECTS, RODENTS DESTROY HALF OF WORLD'S FOOD

SASKATOON.—More than one-half of the world's annual food production is lost because of insect and animal infestation. Dr. V. L. Graham, acting Dean of Agriculture at the University of Saskatchewan, said at the annual meeting of the Saskatchewan branch of the Canadian Seed Growers' Association.

Damascus is believed to be the oldest city in the world still inhabited.



"EXPORT" CANADA'S FINEST CIGARETTES

The Quality Tea

"SHARON"

ORANGE PEKOE

... for speedy baking

... right there when you need it!

It's here at last! New Fleischmann's Royal Fast Rising Dry Yeast, the modern baking discovery that keeps fresh in the cupboard for weeks—always "on the spot" for extra-quick baking, extra delicious results.

IF YOU BAKE AT HOME—lay in a good supply of New Fleischmann's Royal Fast Rising Dry Yeast—use it as you need it. At your grocer's.

—By Les Carroll



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FOR FASTER RELIEF

NEVER Wait Till a Cold Gets Worse!

Quick Use These Special Double-Only Nose Drops

A little Vicks Vapo-Trol in each nostril relieves head cold distress fast! And if used as first warning sniffle or sneeze, Vapo-Trol actually helps prevent many colds from developing. It's all in the direction of the nose.

VICKS VAPOROL

Rheumatic Pains?

TAKE

KRUSCHEN

The moment you feel the first twinges of rheumatic pain—start taking Kruschen. Thousands of people who have suffered from rheumatic pain tell us how Kruschen helped them. Why not let Kruschen help you?

By taking Kruschen regularly each morning, the system is kept in the normal state, and the old remedy, the organ of elimination helps to get rid of the waste products in an improvement in health and ease of rheumatic pain. Try the Kruschen treatment, according to directions on each bottle for the next few weeks. At all Drugists: 25c and 75c.

KRUSCHEN

Helps to keep you smiling!

WEAK, NERVOUS, CRANKY "Every Month"?

Then Try This Remarkable Medicine!

Are you troubled by distress of female functions monthly disturbed? Does this make you suffer, feel no nervous, weak, tired, or each time? Try the Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to relieve such symptoms.

In a recent test it proved very helpful to women troubled like you. You see, it's natural to try it.

For over 10 years thousands of girls and women have reported benefit, and now you, too, don't forget to read the "What's New" trial!

Write the you may prefer LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S TABLETS with added iron.

Lydia E. Pinkham's VEGETABLE COMPOUND

Appeal For Food For Britain

Today the food situation in Britain is at its most critical while here in Canada we have a veritable luxury of good food.

The last vestiges of rationing in Canada have now ended but over in Britain the restrictions grow by the hour.

The basic food situation in Britain today, which by the way, must be purchased from one store as every person is registered, consists for one week of the following: 1½ pints of milk, 20c worth of meat, 2 oz. of butter, 3 oz. of margarine, 2 oz. of lard, 2 small slices of bacon, 2 oz. of cheese, 2 oz. tea, 7 oz sugar, and 9 bread units (2 units required for one loaf) and bread units must be used for flour. In addition to this they are allowed each month ¼ of a pound of chocolate or candy 2 cakes of hand soap, ¼ cake of household soap, 1 pound of jam or honey and 20 points with which to buy all other foods excepting potatoes and vegetables. Picture yourself maintaining your present household, feeding your kiddies and doing your daily work on the above rations. We cannot help but feel that we would not stand up too long under these entirely inadequate food allowances and the thoughts of our kiddies going undernourished would be too much for us.

This is where we must help. Food for Britain is a vital campaign and it is up to all of us to get behind it and

lend our time talent and effort to helping feed these less fortunate people. We cannot envy their need and it is our moral duty to come to their aid. Plans are laid now for this campaign and every Kinsmen Club in Canada is expected to get behind their committee and put this project over with a bang. Most likely some organization here will welcome a chance to participate and so boost the total result.

The plan is a two fold effort. First it calls for the raising of money as a national fund which will be used to purchase food direct for shipment to Britain Arrangements have been made with large packing houses to co-operate in the purchase and shipping of food obtained through this method. The food parcels, packed individually will be sent in bulk lots to the Women's Volunteer Service headquarters in England for distribution. Parcels will be addressed in this country by a sub-committee individually working in conjunction with packing houses. All other foodstuffs which cannot be supplied for these parcels by the co-operating packing houses will be purchased at wholesale rates and included in the parcels. There would be a very nominal handling charge made for all this work and much money and effort will be saved by this method. These individual parcels would then be shipped to England in large bulk lots of around 70,000 parcels at a time. Another good point with the above plan is that other organizations contributing money to the campaign will receive full credit from England for

their help. The national committee is planning on having cards printed to enclose with parcels purchased with money supplied by outside organizations informing the recipient that this parcel was donated to the food for Britain fund by so and so, and naming the organization. If an organization donated fifty dollars to the fund and that in the cost of twenty parcels, then that organization would receive twenty cards to be filled out and returned with their donation and the cards in turn would be inserted in twenty parcels by the packing houses. When these parcels are distributed in England, the family receiving it would then be able to write short note back to the organization acknowledging the gift and giving recognition of proof that the parcel had arrived.

Another method which will be incorporated into the national effort as a later date is the promising of sending by individuals food parcels to designated depots in each province for delivery overseas. Details of this plan are still to be worked out and in due time it will be announced.

One of the fundamental characteristics of education in our time is that everybody benefits by it. A man who never went beyond the third grade benefits by education in that every modern appliance and every service he uses are the products of education. Since these benefits are widely diffused and enjoyed the cost of doing ought to be born equally by all. What we find, however, is far from equality of burden. The city of Ed-

monton in 1946 had a school rate of 29, and Lethbridge only 19, Red Deer had a mill rate of 27, Wetaskiwin only 19. Among the towns, Coramaton had a school mill rate of 12, and Irvine 14. The villages showed a wide disparity, mill rates for school purposes ranging from 32 down to 12. And the school divisions tell the same story. The burden of education upon local boards is not only increasingly heavy it is also grossly inequitable. Some areas are grinding under it, others hardly feel it. In the circumstances it is commendable that some provincial organizations—namely the Teachers' Association and the A.T.A.—are beginning to study the idea of an equalized mill rate for all school districts and divisions in the province. Until the time comes when a sound fair and adequate basis for supporting schools is evolved, the Alberta Educational Council must urge upon the provincial government the necessity of making increasing annual grants to education and thus lighten the burden of local school districts. Alberta Educational Council.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE NOTES

"Producer-consumer cooperation can go further towards guaranteeing quality of food products than can the use of any other method," says J. L. Eaglesham, supervisor of pest control for the Alberta Department of Agriculture. He speaks of the changes that have occurred since the time when the average potato grower put everything in the bag that he produced without much thought for the person who bought his products. Today Alberta potato growers and government agencies are working together to provide a better quality product with less waste and greater freedom from disease. Alberta table potatoes are commonly sold under two grades—Canada No. 1 and Canada No. 2. Canada No. 1 potatoes have to be such that not more than 5 percent of the potato is wasted in preparation for the table—and that 5 percent includes the peel. For the Canada No. 2 grade 10 percent of wastage is allowed. Neither grade permits inclusion of potatoes damaged by frost, sunburn, decay, or similar defects. The consumer can do a great deal towards maintaining quality of Alberta potatoes if when buying, he asks for Canada No. 1 or No. 2 grade. The laws of Canada insist that potatoes sold in closed containers must be labelled to show the grade for which they qualify. Avoid potatoes for which the grade is not clearly shown. Potatoes are graded for protection of the consumer—take advantage of that protection. If, as may happen occasionally, you find that the potatoes bought on grade are not as represented, you can help to encourage potato quality in Alberta by returning the purchase to your vendor.

SORE FEET

Chafe, Pains, Cold Cuts, Burns, Eczema, Itchy, Tender skin after bath with soothing remedies. Snow-white, Stained. 35¢ 60¢ 75¢.

THYMOLATUM

Herd's Store, Gleichen
Marshall's Drug 239, 8 Av. E. Calgary

ATTENTION FARMERS!

INVESTIGATE!

The JAMESWAY SPRAYER

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POWERED FOR SELF PULLEY, POWER TAKE OFF, ALSO COMPLETE TRUCK AND TRAILER MODELS.

33 FT. JUMBO 32 R440 ELMINALTS MEASURING. TAKE OFF FOR CORNER GARDENS, BARN, ETC. FITS MOST MODELS OF WHEEL TYPE TRACTORS. FOLDS UPWARDS OR BACKWARDS FOR IMMEDIATE TRANSPORTATION.

NOTE—INSTANTANEOUS NOZZLE SHUT-OFF.
IT IS NOW ESTABLISHED THAT 2.4D GIVES YOU HIGHER YIELDS AND CLEANER FARMS.

PLACE YOUR ORDER NOW WITH OUR LOCAL AGENT



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1948

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THE Correct CHICK FEEDING PROGRAM for Spring

For Breeding Birds

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For Your Chicks

"Vigor" CHICK STARTER (A Complete Mash)

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CLUNY—Quong General Store
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IF THERE ARE ANY BUSINESS FIRMS IN TOWN OR THE SURROUNDING DISTRICT WHO NEED A STOCK OF COUNTER CHECK BOOKS, WE WOULD REMIND THEM THAT WE ARE AGENT FOR ONE OF THE LARGEST COUNTER CHECK BOOK FIRMS IN CANADA. GLEICHEN CALL



WAR SAVINGS CERTIFICATES

Due 1947-1954

Your War Savings Certificates may be redeemed by endorsing and sending them, as they fall due, to the Registrar, War Savings Certificates, 350 King Edward Avenue, Ottawa.

For your greater convenience, you may leave all your Certificates now with any branch of this Bank. We shall send them to Ottawa as they fall due and credit the proceeds to a Savings account in your name as settlements are received.

Rates on application at any branch of



THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

GLEICHEN BRANCH, J. L. Kerr, Manager.

156A-7

HOW TO PREVENT FIRES

Most fire losses occurring, arising from cause so easily preventable. You can reduce your probability of loss by attention to the following simple precautions

1. Provide metal containers for hot ashes and prohibit the use of wooden receptacles.
2. Keep cellars, closets and stairways free from loose wrapping paper or other highly combustible material.
3. Equip your property so that it is easy to turn off current when leaving electric irons and other heating appliances, even for a short time.
4. Use only good standard fuses and never permit the substitution of coils or wires for blown fuses.
5. Examine metal flues periodically and see that they are removed before they are badly weakened by internal rust or otherwise.
6. See that accumulations of soot are removed from your chimneys at least once in each year, preferably before lighting fires in the fall.
7. Make sure that gasoline and other inflammable fluids, are kept out of rooms where there are open fires or flames of any kind.
8. Keep open lights (candles, gas) and portable electric heaters away from curtains or other inflammable material which may come in contact with them.
9. Keep your supply of matches in a closed receptacle and out of reach of the children.

SUGGESTED BY

BREWING INDUSTRY OF ALBERTA

NOTICE ANNUAL TOWN MEETING

Public notice is hereby given that a meeting of the electors of the town of Gleichen will be held in the Community Hall, Gleichen, on Monday, the 9th day of February, 1948, at 8:00 p.m. for the purpose of receiving the report of the Mayor, Secretary-Treasurer, Auditor and Chairman of the various committees of the Council for the year ending December 31, 1947.

The annual meeting of the Gleichen School District No. 103 will be held immediately at the close of the town meeting.

W. J. PHYTHIAN,
Secretary-treasurer.